

Patient Name : Ms.JAYA SINGH 8011
Age/Gender : 31 Y/F
Lab No : 10131417
Referred By : Dr.CHANDRAWATI **
Refer Lab/Hosp : KMC
Doctor Advice : BETA hCG

Visit No : CHA250034121
Registration ON : 25/Feb/2025 02:56PM
Sample Collected ON : 25/Feb/2025 02:58PM
Sample Received ON : 25/Feb/2025 03:01PM
Report Generated ON : 25/Feb/2025 04:15PM



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
BETA HCG				
Beta HCG	393.21	mIU/mL	0.10 - 2.90	CLIA

Weeks of Pregnancy	Ranges HCG mIU/ml (5-95th percentile)
3	5.8 -71.2
4	9.50 -750
5	217 - 7138
6	158 - 31795
7	3697- 163563
8	32065 - 149571
9	63803 - 151410
10	46509 - 186977
12	27832 - 210612
14	13950 - 62530
15	12039 - 70971
16	9040 - 56451
17	8175 - 55868
18	8099 - 58176

COMMENTS:

This assay is capable of detecting whole molecule (intact) HCG as well as free β -HCG subunits. For diagnostic purposes, HCG results should always be used in conjunction with clinical findings and other tests. If the HCG levels are inconsistent with clinical impressions, results should be confirmed by an alternate HCG method. Low levels of HCG can occur in apparently healthy, non pregnant subjects. β -HCG values double approximately every 48 hrs in a normal pregnancy; patients with very low levels should be resampled and retested after 48 hrs. Specimens tested as positive during initial days after conception may later be negative due to natural termination of pregnancy. Natural termination occurs in 31% of overall pregnancies. Falsely depressed or falsely elevated results may occur due to presence of interfering substances (such as heterophilic antibodies, non-specific proteins, or HCG like substances).

In men, Increased levels of b-HCG are associated with testicular cancer and should be correlated with other findings.

*** End Of Report ***

[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 25-02-2025 16:50:16

*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal



DR. NISHANT SHARMA
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