

Patient Name : Ms.RAM RATI	Visit No : CHA250034788
Age/Gender : 55 Y/F	Registration ON : 26/Feb/2025 01:20PM
Lab No : 10132084	Sample Collected ON : 26/Feb/2025 01:23PM
Referred By : Dr.MANISH TANDON	Sample Received ON : 26/Feb/2025 01:23PM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON : 26/Feb/2025 02:48PM
Doctor Advice : URINE COM. EXMAMINATION, URINE C/S, CHEST PA, ECG, USG WHOLE ABDOMEN, T3T4TSH, RANDOM, CREATININE, LFT, CRP (Quantitative), ESR, CBC (WHOLE BLOOD)	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
ESR				
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate ESR	22.00		0 - 20	Westergreen

Note:

1. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood at 37°C.
2. ESR readings are auto- corrected with respect to Hematocrit (PCV) values.
3. It indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is a prognostic test and used to monitor the course or response to treatment of diseases like tuberculosis, acute rheumatic fever. It is also increased in multiple myeloma, hypothyroidism.

CRP-QUANTITATIVE

CRP-QUANTITATIVE TEST	6.7	MG/L	0.1 - 6
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Method: Immunoturbidimetric

(Method: Immunoturbidimetric on photometry system)

SUMMARY : C - reactive protien (CRP) is the best known among the acute phase protiens, a group of protien whose concentration increases in blood as a response to inflammatory disorders. CRP is normally present in low concentration in blood of healthy individuals (< 1mg/L). It is elevated up to 500 mg/L in acute inflammatory processes associated with bacterial infections, post operative conditions tissue damage already after 6 hours reaching a peak at 48 hours. The measurement of CRP represents a useful laboratory test for detection of acute infection as well as for monitoring inflammtory proceses also in acute rheumatic & gastrointestinal disease. In recent studies it has been shows that in apparently healthy subjects there is a direct orrelation between CRP concentrations & the risk of developing oronary heart disease (CHD).

hsCRP cut off for risk assessment as per CDC/AHA

Level	Risk
<1.0	Low
1.0-3.0	Average
>3.0	High

All reports to be clinically corelated

[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 26-02-2025 16:25:11

*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal



Sharma

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD
PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST MD (MICROBIOLOGY)

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
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URINE EXAMINATION REPORT

Colour-U	Light yellow		Light Yellow	
Appearance (Urine)	CLEAR		Clear	
Specific Gravity	1.010		1.005 - 1.025	
pH-Urine	Acidic (6.0)		4.5 - 8.0	
PROTEIN	Absent	mg/dl	ABSENT	Dipstick
Glucose	Absent			
Ketones	Absent		Absent	
Bilirubin-U	Absent		Absent	
Blood-U	Absent		Absent	
Urobilinogen-U	0.20	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0	
Leukocytes-U	Absent		Absent	
NITRITE	Absent		Absent	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
Pus cells / hpf	Nil	/hpf	< 5/hpf	
Epithelial Cells	2-3	/hpf	0 - 5	
RBC / hpf	Nil		< 3/hpf	

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				
Hb	10.3	g/dl	12 - 15	Non Cyanide
R.B.C. COUNT	4.10	mil/cmm	3.8 - 4.8	Electrical Impedence
PCV	33.9	%	36 - 45	Pulse hieght detection
MCV	83.3	fL	80 - 96	calculated
MCH	25.3	pg	27 - 33	Calculated
MCHC	30.4	g/dL	30 - 36	Calculated
RDW	21.7	%	11 - 15	RBC histogram derivation
RETIC	1.0 %	%	0.5 - 2.5	Microscopy
TOTAL LEUCOCYTES COUNT	5350	/cmm	4000 - 10000	Flocytrometry
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHIL	60	%	40 - 75	Flowcytometry
LYMPHOCYTES	30	%	25 - 45	Flowcytometry
EOSINOPHIL	5	%	1 - 6	Flowcytometry
MONOCYTE	5	%	2 - 10	Flowcytometry
BASOPHIL	0	%	00 - 01	Flowcytometry
PLATELET COUNT	209,000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Elect Imped..
PLATELET COUNT (MANUAL)	209000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Microscopy .
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,210	/cmm	2000 - 7000	Calculated
Absolute Lymphocytes Count	1,605	/cmm	1000-3000	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	268	/cmm	20-500	Calculated
Absolute Monocytes Count	268	/cmm	200-1000	Calculated
Absolute Basophils Count		/cmm	20-100	Calculated

Red blood cells are microcytic hypochromic, normocytic normochromic. Platelets are adequate. No immature cells or parasite seen.

Mentzer Index : 20
Peripheral Blood Picture :



[Checked By]



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM				
BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM	89.2	mg/dl	70 - 170	Hexokinase
SERUM CREATININE				
CREATININE	0.60	mg/dl	0.50 - 1.40	Alkaline picrate-kinetic
LIVER FUNCTION TEST				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.45	mg/dl	0.4 - 1.1	Diazonium Ion
CONJUGATED (D. Bilirubin)	0.12	mg/dL	0.00-0.30	Diazotization
UNCONJUGATED (I.D. Bilirubin)	0.33	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0	Calculated
ALK PHOS	220.60	U/L	30 - 120	PNPP, AMP Buffer
SGPT	32.0	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
SGOT	33.5	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
T3T4TSH				
T3	2.03	nmol/L	1.49-2.96	ECLIA
T4	172.54	n mol/l	63 - 177	ECLIA
TSH	1.17	uIU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

Note

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism,cretinism,juvenile mysedema or autoimmune disorders.
- (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave~s disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
- (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the cacabolic state and may revert tonormal when the patient recovers.
- (7) There are many drugs for eg.Glucocorticoids ,dopamine,Lithium,iodides ,oral radiographic dyes,ets.Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- (8) Generally when total T3& T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with

(1 Beckman Dxl-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINISCENCE TECHINIQUE BY ELECSYSYS -E411)

*** End Of Report ***

CHARAK



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ECG REPORT

* RATE : 64 bpm.

* RHYTHM : Normal

* P wave : Normal

* PR interval : Normal

* QRS Axis : Normal

Duration : Normal

Configuration : Normal

* ST-T Changes : None

* QT interval :

* QTc interval : Sec.

Other

OPINION: LEFT VENTRICULAR HYPERTROPHY

(Finding to be correlated clinically)

DR. RAJIV RASTOGI ,MD.DM



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ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

- **Liver** is mildly enlarged in size (~159mm) and shows increased echotexture of liver parenchyma. No intrahepatic biliary radicle dilatation is seen. No space occupying lesion is seen. Hepatic veins and IVC are seen normally.
- **Gall bladder** is normal in size and shows anechoic lumen. No calculus / mass lesion is seen. GB walls are not thickened.
- **CBD** is normal at porta. No obstructive lesion is seen.
- **Portal vein** Portal vein is normal at porta.
- **Pancreas** Head & body appear normal. Rest of the pancreas is obscured by bowel gases.
- **Spleen** is normal in size and shows homogenous echotexture of parenchyma. No SOL is seen.
- No ascites is seen.
- **Both kidneys** are normal in size and position. No hydronephrosis is seen. No calculus or mass lesion is seen. Cortico-medullary differentiation is well maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No scarring is seen. Right kidney measures 116 x 42 mm in size. Left kidney measures 123 x 57 mm in size.
- **Urinary bladder** is partially distended (pre void urine volume 14cc).

OPINION:

- **MILD HEPATOMEGALY WITH FATTY INFILTRATION OF LIVER GRADE-I.**

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. JAYENDRA KUMAR, MD]

Transcribed by Gausiya



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SKIAGRAM CHEST PA VIEW

- Both lung fields are clear.
- Borderline cardiomegaly is present.
- Both CP angles are clear.
- Soft tissue and bony cage are seen normally.
- Both domes of diaphragm are sharply defined.

OPINION

- **BORDERLINE CARDIOMEGALY.**

Clinical correlation and Cardiac evaluation is needed.

[DR. RAJESH KUMAR SHARMA, MD]

Transcribed by Purvi

*** End Of Report ***

