

Patient Name : Ms.SINGARI DEVI	Visit No : CHA250035489
Age/Gender : 65 Y/F	Registration ON : 27/Feb/2025 01:28PM
Lab No : 10132785	Sample Collected ON : 27/Feb/2025 01:30PM
Referred By : Dr.ASTHA SINGH	Sample Received ON : 27/Feb/2025 01:54PM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CGHS (BILLING)	Report Generated ON : 27/Feb/2025 04:24PM
Doctor Advice : T3T4TSH,CHEST PA,USG WHOLE ABDOMEN,2D ECHO,ECG,VIT B12,25 OH vit. D,KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST - I,LFT,LIPID-PROFILE,HBA1C (EDTA)	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
HBA1C				
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	8.5	%	4 - 5.7	HPLC (EDTA)

NOTE:-

Glycosylated Hemoglobin Test (HbA1c) is performed in this laboratory by the Gold Standard Reference method, ie: HPLC Technology (High performance Liquid Chromatography D10) from Bio-Rad Laboratories. USA.

EXPECTED (RESULT) RANGE :

Bio system	Degree of normal
4.0 - 5.7 %	Normal Value (OR) Non Diabetic
5.8 - 6.4 %	Pre Diabetic Stage
> 6.5 %	Diabetic (or) Diabetic stage
6.5 - 7.0 %	Well Controlled Diabet
7.1 - 8.0 %	Unsatisfactory Control
> 8.0 %	Poor Control and needs treatment

LIPID-PROFILE

Cholesterol/HDL Ratio	2.80	Ratio	Calculated
LDL / HDL RATIO	0.81	Ratio	Calculated

Desirable / low risk - 0.5 - 3.0
Low/ Moderate risk - 3.0 - 6.0
Elevated / High risk - >6.0
Desirable / low risk - 0.5 - 3.0
Low/ Moderate risk - 3.0 - 6.0
Elevated / High risk - > 6.0



[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 27-02-2025 18:46:00

*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal

DR. NISHANT SHARMA PATHOLOGIST
DR. SHADAB PATHOLOGIST
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL PATHOLOGIST

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
25 OH vit. D				
25 Hydroxy Vitamin D	19.79	ng/ml		ECLIA
Deficiency < 10				
Insufficiency 10 - 30				
Sufficiency 30 - 100				
Toxicity > 100				

DONE BY: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY(Cobas e 411,Unicel DxI600,vitros ECI)

VITAMIN B12				
VITAMIN B12	1861	pg/mL		CLIA
			180 - 814 Normal	
			145 - 180 Intermediate	
			145.0 Deficient pg/ml	

Summary :-

Nutritional & macrocytic anemias can be caused by a deficiency of vitamin B12. This deficiency can result from diets devoid of meat & bacterial products, from alcoholism or from structural / functional damage to digestive or absorptive processes. Malabsorption is the major cause of this deficiency.

CHARAK

[Checked By]



Print.Date/Time: 27-02-2025 18:46:01

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DR. NISHANT SHARMA
PATHOLOGIST

DR. SHADAB
PATHOLOGIST

Aditi D Agarwal
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL
PATHOLOGIST

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
LIVER FUNCTION TEST				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.51	mg/dl	0.4 - 1.1	Diazonium Ion
CONJUGATED (D. Bilirubin)	0.10	mg/dL	0.00-0.30	Diazotization
UNCONJUGATED (I.D. Bilirubin)	0.41	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0	Calculated
ALK PHOS	72.50	U/L	30 - 120	PNPP, AMP Buffer
SGPT	29.0	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
SGOT	39.0	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
LIPID-PROFILE				
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	163.20	mg/dL	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline-high: 200-239 mg/dl High:>/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-PAP
TRIGLYCERIDES	289.60	mg/dL	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high:150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	Serum, Enzymatic, endpoint
H D L CHOLESTEROL	58.20	mg/dL	30-70 mg/dl	CHER-CHOD-PAP
L D L CHOLESTEROL	47.08	mg/dL	Optimal:<100 mg/dl Near Optimal:100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High:>/= 190 mg/dl	CO-PAP
VLDL	57.92	mg/dL	10 - 40	Calculated

KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST - I

Sample Type : SERUM

BLOOD UREA	44.90	mg/dl	15 - 45	Urease, UV, Serum
CREATININE	1.00	mg/dl	0.50 - 1.40	Alkaline picrate-kinetic
SODIUM Serum	138.0	MEq/L	135 - 155	ISE Direct
POTASSIUM Serum	4.1	MEq/L	3.5 - 5.5	ISE Direct



[Checked By]



DR. NISHANT SHARMA
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DR. SHADAB
PATHOLOGIST

Signature
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
T3T4TSH				
T3	1.88	nmol/L	1.49-2.96	ECLIA
T4	83.20	n mol/l	63 - 177	ECLIA
TSH	5.50	uIU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

Note

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism,cretinism,juvenile mysedema or autoimmune disorders.
- (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave~s disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
- (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the cacabolic state and may revert tonormal when the patient recovers.
- (7) There are many drugs for eg.Glucocorticoids ,dopamine,Lithium,iodides ,oral radiographic dyes,ets.Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- (8) Generally when total T3& T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with

(1 Beckman Dxi-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINISCENCE TECHINIQUE BY ELECSYSYS -E411)

*** End Of Report ***

CHARAK



[Checked By]



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Dr. Aditi D Agarwal
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ECG -REPORT

RATE : 79 bpm

* RHYTHM : Normal

* P wave : Normal

* PR interval : Normal

* QRS Axis : Normal

Duration : Normal

Configuration : Normal

* ST-T Changes : None

* QT interval :

* QTc interval : Sec.

* Other :

OPINION: ECG WITH IN NORMAL LIMITS

(FINDING TO BE CORRELATED CLINICALLY)

[DR. RAJIV RASTOGI, MD, DM]



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2D- ECHO & COLOR DOPPLER REPORT

1. **MITRAL VALVE STUDY** : MVOA - Normal (perimetry) cm² (PHT)

Anterior Mitral Leaflet:

(a) **Motion**: Normal (b) **Thickness** : Normal (c) **DE** : 1.6 cm.

(d) **EF** : 64 mm/sec (e) **EPSS** : 06 mm (f) **Vegetation** : -

(g) **Calcium** : -

Posterior mitral leaflet : Normal

(a). **Motion** : Normal (b) **Calcium**: - (c) **Vegetation** : -

Valve Score : Mobility /4 **Thickness** /4 **SVA** /4
Calcium /4 **Total** /16

2. **AORTIC VALVE STUDY**

(a) **Aortic root** : 2.9cms (b) **Aortic Opening** : 1.8cms (c) **Closure**: Central
(d) **Calcium** : - (e) **Eccentricity Index** : 1 (f) **Vegetation** : -

(g) **Valve Structure** : Tricuspid,

3. **PULMONARY VALVE STUDY** Normal

(a) **EF Slope** : - (b) **A Wave** : + (c) **MSN** : -

(D) **Thickness** : (e) **Others** :

4. **TRICUSPID VALVE** : Normal

5. **SEPTAL AORTIC CONTINUITY** 6. **AORTIC MITRAL CONTINUITY**

Left Atrium : 2.5 cms **Clot** : - **Others** :
Right Atrium : Normal **Clot** : - **Others** : -

Contd.....



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VENTRICLES

RIGHT VENTRICLE : Normal

RVD (D)

RVOT

LEFT VENTRICLE :

LVIVS (D) 0.8 cm (s) 1.2cm

Motion : normal

LVPW (D) 0.7cm (s) 1.3 cm

Motion : Normal

LVID (D) 4.8cm (s) 2.9cm

Ejection Fraction :67%

Fractional Shortening : 37 %

TOMOGRAPHIC VIEWS

Parasternal Long axis view :

NORMAL LV RV DIMENSION
GOOD LV CONTRACTILITY.

Short axis view

Aortic valve level :

AOV - NORMAL
PV - NORMAL
TV - NORMAL

Mitral valve level :

MV - NORMAL

Papillary Muscle Level :

NO RWMA

Apical 4 chamber View :

No LV CLOT



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PERICARDIUM

Normal

DOPPLER STUDIES

	Velocity (m/sec)	Flow pattern	Regurgitation (/4)	Gradient (mm Hg)	Valve area (cm 2)
MITRAL	e = 0.5 a = 0.7	a > e	-	-	-
AORTIC	1.1	Normal	-	-	-
TRICUSPID	0.3	Normal	-	-	-
PULMONARY	0.8	Normal	-	-	-

OTHER HAEMODYNAMIC DATA

COLOUR DOPPLER

NO REGURGITATION OR TURBULENCE ACROSS ANY VALVE

CONCLUSIONS :

- NORMAL LV RV DIMENSION
- GOOD LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- LVEF = 67 %
- NO RWMA
- a > e
- NO CLOT / VEGETATION
- NO PERICARDIAL EFFUSION

DR. RAJIV RASTOGI, MD,DM



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ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Excessive gaseous abdomen

- **Liver** is mildly enlarged in size (~154mm) and shows increased echotexture of liver parenchyma. No intrahepatic biliary radicle dilatation is seen. No space occupying lesion is seen. Hepatic veins and IVC are seen normally.
- **Gall bladder** is partially distended (post prandial) visualized part appear normal.
- **CBD** is normal at porta. No obstructive lesion is seen.
- **Portal vein** Portal vein is normal at porta.
- **Pancreas** is normal in size and shows homogenous echotexture of parenchyma. PD is not dilated. No parenchymal calcification is seen. No peripancreatic collection is seen.
- **Spleen** is normal in size and shows homogenous echotexture of parenchyma. No SOL is seen.
- No retroperitoneal adenopathy is seen.
- No ascites is seen.
- **Both kidneys** are normal in size and position. No hydronephrosis is seen. **A concretion is seen at mid pole of right kidney measuring approx 2.0mm.** No mass lesion is seen. Cortico-medullary differentiation is well maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No scarring is seen. Right kidney measures 90 x 37 mm in size. Left kidney measures 88 x 40 mm in size.
- **Ureters** Both ureters are not dilated. UVJ are seen normally.
- **Urinary bladder** is normal in contour with anechoic lumen. No calculus or mass lesion is seen. UB walls are not thickened.
- **Uterus** is atrophic.
- No adnexal mass lesion is seen.

OPINION:

- MILD HEPATOMEGALY WITH FATTY INFILTRATION OF LIVER GRADE-I.
- RIGHT RENAL CONCRETION.

(Possibility of acid peptic disease could not be ruled out).

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. R. K. SINGH, MD]

Transcribed by Gausiya



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SKIAGRAM CHEST PA VIEW

- Both lung fields are clear.
- Bilateral hilar shadows are normal.
- Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.
- Both CP angles are clear.
- Soft tissue and bony cage are seen normally.
- Both domes of diaphragm are sharply defined.

IMPRESSION:

- NO ACTIVE LUNG PARENCHYMAL LESION IS DISCERNIBLE.

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. RAJESH KUMAR SHARMA, MD]

transcribed by: anup

*** End Of Report ***

