

Patient Name	: Ms.SUMAN	Visit No	: CHA250036549
Age/Gender	: 50 Y/F	Registration ON	: 28/Feb/2025 09:27PM
Lab No	: 10133845	Sample Collected ON	: 28/Feb/2025 09:27PM
Referred By	: Dr.MOHAMMAD AMIR	Sample Received ON	:
Refer Lab/Hosp	: CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON	: 01/Mar/2025 10:47AM

CT THORAX

CECT STUDY OF THORAX

Ct study performed before and after injecting (intravenous) 80ml of non ionic contrast media.

- Subtle ground-glass haziness is seen in right middle lobe with atelectatic parenchymal opacities. Small linear parenchymal opacities are seen in left inferior lingular segment. Rest of lungs are clear. No evidence of any area of consolidation or any mass lesion is seen.
- No pleural effusion or pleural thickening is seen on either side.
- Enlarge cranial node is seen, measuring 13 x 12mm. Carina & left proximal main bronchus are compressed.
- Trachea is central.
- Great vessels are seen normally.
- Heart size is at upper limits of normal.
- Esophagus is seen normally.
- Visualized liver shows normal parenchyma. No SOL is seen.
- Wedging of body of L1 vertebra is seen.
- Soft tissues are seen normally.

OPINION:

- **SUBTLE GROUND-GLASS HAZINESS N IN RIGHT MIDDLE LOBE WITH ATELECTATIC PARENCHYMAL OPACITIES WITH SMALL LINEAR PARENCHYMAL OPACITIES IN LEFT INFERIOR LINGULAR SEGMENT - ?? INFECTIVE PATHOLOGY.**
- **ENLARGED CRANIAL NODE COMPRESSING CARINA & LEFT MAIN BRONCHUS**

ADV: BRONCHOSCOPY

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. RAJESH KUMAR SHARMA, MD]

Transcribed by Gausiya



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*** End Of Report ***

