

РR

292/05, Tulsidas Marg, Basement Chowk, Lucknow-226 003 Phone : 0522-4062223, 9305548277, 8400888844 9415577933, 9336154100, Tollfree No.: 8688360360 E-mail : charak1984@gmail.com

CMO Reg. No. RMEE 2445133 NABL Reg. No. MC-2491 Certificate No. MIS-2023-0218

Patient Name	: Ms.BABITA	Visit No	: CHA250037537
Age/Gender	: 28 Y/F	Registration ON	: 02/Mar/2025 10:21AM
Lab No	: 10134832	Sample Collected ON	: 02/Mar/2025 10:21AM
Referred By	: Dr.ANJU SRIVASTAVA	Sample Received ON	:
Refer Lab/Hosp	: CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON	: 02/Mar/2025 01:58PM

TARGETED IMAGING FOR FETAL ANOMALY (TIFFA)

- LMP is 10/10/2024 EGA by LMP is 20 weeks + 3 days.
- Single live intrauterine foetus is seen in variable lie with biometric measurement of: -
 - BPD 53 mm 22 weeks + 2 days
 - HC 194 mm 21 weeks + 5 days
 - BOD 37 mm 23 weeks + 4 days
 - AC 158 mm 21 weeks + 0 day
 - HL 34 mm 21 weeks + 4 days
 - ULNA 31 mm 21 weeks + 6 days
 - RADIUS 28 mm 20 weeks + 5 days
 - FL 34 mm 20 weeks + 6 days
 - TIB 33 mm 22 weeks + 2 days
 - FIB 31 mm 21 weeks + 2 days
- Mean gestational age is 21 weeks + 4 days (+/- 2 weeks).
- Foetal weight is approx. 394 gms (± 58 gms).
- EDD by CGA is approx. 09/07/2025 (on basis of present Sonographic age).
- Placenta is anterior wall. It shows grade I maturity. No evidence of retro placental collection.
- Amniotic fluid is adequate.
- Cervical length appears normal (measures 3.7 cm).

Foetal morphological characters

- Midline falx is seen. Foetal head shows normal cerebral ventricles. Anterior horn measures 4.1 mm. Posterior horn measures 5.5 mm. No evidence of hydrocephalus is noted. Cavum septum pellucidum and thalami normal. Posterior fossa shows normal bilateral cerebellar hemisphere. Cisterna magna is normal in size measuring 5.0 mm. Transcerebellar diameter 22 mm corresponding to 21 weeks 0 day. Nuchal fold measures 5.9 mm.
- Foetal face shows normal bilateral orbit with normal nose and lips, mandibular echo is seen normally. Nasal bone measures 6.7 mm.
- Foetal neck does not show any obvious mass lesion.





292/05, Tulsidas Marg, Basement Chowk, Lucknow-226 003 Phone: 0522-4062223, 9305548277, 8400888844 9415577933, 9336154100, Tollfree No.: 8688360360 E-mail: charak1984@gmail.com

CMO Reg. No. RMEE 2445133 NABL Reg. No. MC-2491 Certificate No. MIS-2023-0218

Patient Name	: Ms.BABITA	Visit No	: CHA250037537	
Age/Gender	: 28 Y/F	Registration ON	: 02/Mar/2025 10:21AM	
Lab No	: 10134832	Sample Collected ON	: 02/Mar/2025 10:21AM	
Referred By	: Dr.ANJU SRIVASTAVA	Sample Received ON	:	
Refer Lab/Hosp	: CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON	: 02/Mar/2025 01:58PM	

- Foetal spine appears normal in configuration. Cross sectional imaging shows normal trilaminar pattern. No evidence of mass / spina bifida is seen.
- Foetal chest shows normal heart lung ratio. Foetal heart shows normal position and ratio. 4 chamber foetal heart appears normal. **EICF is seen in left ventricle.** No mass lesion is seen in chest. Bilateral diaphragms are normal. Dedicated fetal 2D-echo is not a part of routine structural anomaly scan.
- Foetal abdomen shows normal position of foetal stomach. Liver appears normal in position. Gall bladder is anechoic in lumen. Visualized bowel loops are normal. No evidence of abnormal dilatation / mass is seen in bowel.
- Foetal urinary bladder is moderately distended.
- Foetal both kidneys are normal in size, shape & echotexture. Both renal pelvises are normal.
- No evidence of dilated ureters is seen.
- Foetal umbilical cord is three vessels and shows normal insertion. No evidence of foetal abdominal wall defect is seen.
- Foetal limbs are normal. Bilateral femur, tibia and fibula, humerus and radius and ulna are normal in size.
- Bilateral foetal hands & foots are grossly normal.
- Foetal cardiac activity is regular, heart rate measuring 149/min.
- Foetal body and limb movements are well seen.

OPINION:

• SINGLE LIVE FOETUS WITH MEAN GESTATION AGE OF 21 WEEKS + 4 DAYS (+/- 2 WEEKS) WITH EICF IN LEFT VENTRICLE AND NO OTHER APPARENT CONGENITAL MALFORMATION.

ADV : QUADRUPLE MARKER.

Counselling:

EICF is a soft marker for chromosomal abnormalities especially trisomy 21. However it does not increase the risk over background risk. This can further be modified by serum screening(quadruple test) which is advised to the patient. Quadruple test has sensitivity of around 70% for trisomy 21. Amniocentesis remains to be the diagnostic test for aneuploidies.

In absence of aneuploidies, EICF is a benign marker and does not adversely affect cardiac function.

Note:-- I Dr. Nisma Waheed, declare that while conducting ultrasound study of Mrs. Babita, I have neither detected nor disclosed the sex of her foetus to any body in any manner. All congenital anomalies can't be excluded on ultrasound.





292/05, Tulsidas Marg, Basement Chowk, Lucknow-226 003 Phone : 0522-4062223, 9305548277, 8400888844 9415577933, 9336154100, Tollfree No.: 8688360360 E-mail : charak1984@gmail.com

CMO Reg. No. RMEE 2445133 NABL Reg. No. MC-2491 Certificate No. MIS-2023-0218

Patient Name	: Ms.BABITA	Visit No	: CHA250037537
Age/Gender	: 28 Y/F	Registration ON	: 02/Mar/2025 10:21AM
Lab No	: 10134832	Sample Collected ON	: 02/Mar/2025 10:21AM
Referred By	: Dr.ANJU SRIVASTAVA	Sample Received ON	:
Refer Lab/Hosp	: CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON	: 02/Mar/2025 01:58PM

- Dedicated fetal 2D-echo is not a part of routine structural anomaly scan.
- <u>Chromosomal / Genetic disorders cannot be ruled out by ultrasound</u>.

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. NISMA WAHEED] [MD RADIODIAGNOSIS]

NOTE :

• Ideal gestational age for TIFFA is between 18-20 weeks POG.

Limitations of USG -

- USG has potency of detecting structural malformations in up to 60-70% of cases depending on the organ involved.
- Functional abnormalities (behavior/ mind/hearing) in the fetus cannot be detected by USG.
- Fetal hand and foot digits are difficult to count due to variable positions.
- Conditions like trisomy 21 (Down syndrome) may have normal ultrasound findings in 60% cases as reporting in literature.
- Serum screening (double marker at 11-14 weeks/quadruple or triple test at 15-20 weeks) will help in detecting more number of cases (70% by triple test/87% by quadruple and 90% by double test).
- Few malformations develop late in intrauterine life and hence serial follow up scans are equaled to rule out their presence.
- Subtle anomalies/malformations do not manifest in intrauterine life and may be detected postnatally for the first time.
- Surgically correctable minor malformations (cleft/lip/palate/polydactyly) might be missed in USG.

Clinical correlation is necessary.

Transcribed By: RACHNA



[DR. NISMA WAHEED] [MD RADIODIAGNOSIS]

*** End Of Report ***

