

Patient Name	: Mr.SACHIN VERMA	Visit No	: CHA250040540
Age/Gender	: 32 Y/M	Registration ON	: 06/Mar/2025 01:10PM
Lab No	: 10137835	Sample Collected ON	: 06/Mar/2025 01:10PM
Referred By	: Dr.ESIC HOSPITAL LUCKNOW	Sample Received ON	:
Refer Lab/Hosp	: ESIC HOSPITAL LUCKNOW	Report Generated ON	: 06/Mar/2025 03:45PM

NCCT STUDY OF PARANASAL SINUSES AND NOSE

- Relatively well defined soft tissue density is seen in right maxillary sinus causing its complete opacification also extending into right nasal cavity via right osteomeatal complex which appears widened. This soft tissue density is closely abutting right nasal turbinates and nasal septum and showing extension into nasopharynx via right choana and also reaching upto left choana causing its partial occlusion.
- Mucosal thickening with soft tissue density is seen in left maxillary, bilateral frontal, bilateral ethmoid and bilateral sphenoid sinuses causing occlusion of left osteomeatal complex, bilateral fronto-ethmoidal and speno-ethmoidal recesses. Left maxillary sinus shows accessory ostium.
- Mucosal thickening with soft tissue contents are also seen in bilateral (R>L) nasal cavities.
- Nasal septum is deviated towards right side.

IMPRESSION:

- SOFT TISSUE DENSITY IN RIGHT MAXILLARY SINUS WITH EXTENSION INTO RIGHT NASAL CAVITY AND NASOPHARYNX AS DESCRIBED -- POSSIBILITY OF ANTROCHOANAL POLYP.
- MUCOSAL THICKENING WITH SOFT TISSUE DENSITY IN LEFT MAXILLARY, BILATERAL ETHMOID, FRONTAL AND SPHENOID SINUSES AS WELL AS NASAL CAVITIES --? SINUSITIS/?? POLYPOSIS.
- DEVIATED NASAL SEPTUM.

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. JAYENDRA KR. ARYA, MD]

Transcribed by R R...

*** End Of Report ***

