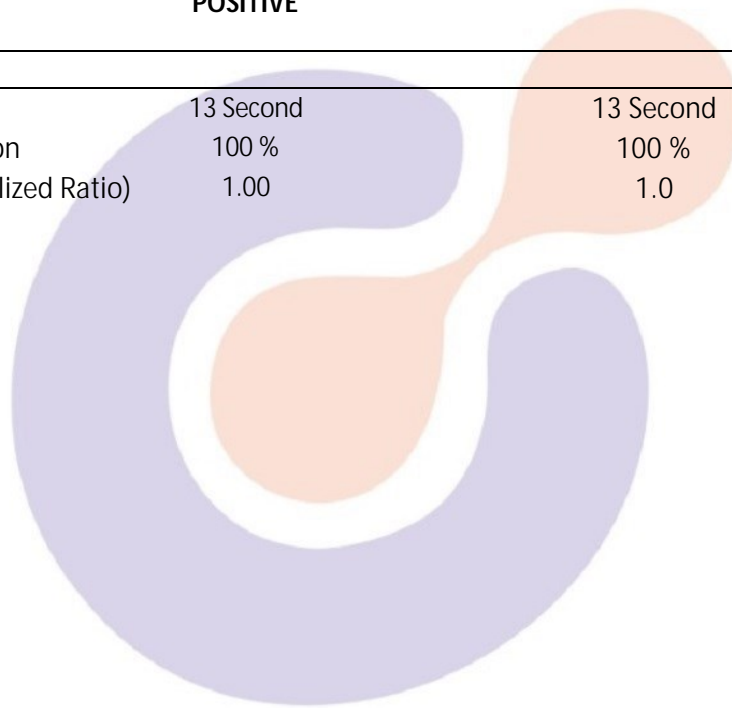


Patient Name : Ms.SALMA HUSSAIN	Visit No : CHA250040960
Age/Gender : 69 Y/F	Registration ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 28AM
<b>Lab No : 10138255</b>	Sample Collected ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 30AM
Referred By : Dr.U1	Sample Received ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 30AM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON : 07/Mar/2025 03: 06PM
Doctor Advice : 2D ECHO,ECG,CHEST PA,TSH,HIV,HCV,HBSAg,PT/PC/INR,LFT,CREATININE,UREA,RANDOM,PLAT COUNT,BTCT,DLC,TLC,HB,BLOOD GROUP	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>BLOOD GROUP</b>				
Blood Group	"O"			
Rh (Anti -D)	<b>POSITIVE</b>			

<b>PT/PC/INR</b>				
PROTHROMBIN TIME	13 Second		13 Second	Clotting Assay
Prothromin concentration	100 %		100 %	
INR (International Normalized Ratio)	1.00		1.0	



**CHARAK**



[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 07-03-2025 15:40:11

\*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal

DR. NISHANT SHARMA PATHOLOGIST  
DR. SHADAB PATHOLOGIST  
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL PATHOLOGIST

Patient Name : Ms.SALMA HUSSAIN	Visit No : CHA250040960
Age/Gender : 69 Y/F	Registration ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 28AM
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg)</b>				
<b>Sample Type : SERUM</b>				

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN	NON REACTIVE	<1 - Non Reactive >1 - Reactive	CMIA
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Note: This is only a Screening test. Confirmation of the result ( Non Reactive/Reactive)should be done by performing a PCR based test.

**COMMENTS:**

- HBsAg is the first serological marker after infection with Hepatitis B Virus appearing one to ten weeks after exposure and two to eight weeks before the onset of clinical symptoms. HBsAg persists during the acute phase and clears late in the convalescence phase. Failure to clear HBsAg within six months indicates a chronic HBsAg carrier state. HBsAg assays are used to identify the persons infected with HBV and to prevent transmission of the virus by blood and blood products as well as to monitor the status of infected individuals in combination with other hepatitis B serological markers.
- Borderline cases must be confirmed with confirmatory neutralizing assay.

**LIMITATIONS:**

- Results should be used in conjunction with patient history and other hepatitis markers for diagnosis of acute and chronic infections.
- Specimens from patients who have received preparations of mouse monoclonal antibodies for diagnosis or therapy may contain human anti-mouse antibodies (HAMA) which may produce anomalous values when tested with assay kits that employs mouse monoclonal antibodies.
- Heterophilic antibodies in human serum can react with reagent immunoglobulins, interfering with in vitro immunoassays. Patients routinely exposed to animals or animal serum products can be prone to this interference and anomalous results may be observed.
- Cross reactivity for specimens from individual with medical conditions (Pregnancy, HIV etc) has been observed.
- HBsAg mutations may result in a false negative result in some HBsAg assays.
- If HBsAg results are inconsistent with clinical evidence, additional testing is suggested to confirm the result.

[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 07-03-2025 15:40:12

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DR. NISHANT SHARMA PATHOLOGIST  
DR. SHADAB PATHOLOGIST  
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL PATHOLOGIST

Patient Name : Ms.SALMA HUSSAIN	Visit No : CHA250040960
Age/Gender : 69 Y/F	Registration ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 28AM
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>HIV</b>				
HIV-SEROLOGY	NON REACTIVE		<1.0 : NON REACTIVE >1.0 : REACTIVE	

Done by: Vitros ECI ( Sandwich Assay)

Note:-Elisa test is a screening method for HIV.It is known to give false Positive & Negative result.  
Hence confirmation:"Western Blot" method is advised.

**HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODIES**

HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODIES NON REACTIVE Non Reactive

(TRIO DOT ASSAY)

Note:This is only a Screening test. Confirmation of the result ( Non Reactive/Reactive)should be done by performing a PCR based test.

**BT/CT**

BLEEDING TIME (BT) 3 mint 15 sec mins 2 - 8  
CLOTTING TIME (CT) 6 mint 30 sec 3 - 10 MINS.

CHARAK

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DR. NISHANT SHARMA  
PATHOLOGIST

DR. SHADAB  
PATHOLOGIST

*Dr. Aditi D Agarwal*  
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL  
PATHOLOGIST

Patient Name : Ms.SALMA HUSSAIN Visit No : CHA250040960  
Age/Gender : 69 Y/F Registration ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 28AM  
Lab No : 10138255 Sample Collected ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 30AM  
Referred By : Dr.U1 Sample Received ON : 07/Mar/2025 09: 41AM  
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA Report Generated ON : 07/Mar/2025 10: 45AM  
Doctor Advice : 2D ECHO,ECG,CHEST PA,TSH,HIV,HCV,HBSAg,PT/PC/INR,LFT,CREATININE,UREA,RANDOM,PLAT COUNT,BTCT,DLC,TLC,HB,BLOOD GROUP



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>HAEMOGLOBIN</b>				
Hb	11.8	g/dl	12 - 15	Non Cyanide
<b>Comment:</b> Hemoglobin screening helps to diagnose conditions that affect RBCs such as anemia or polycythemia.				
<b>TLC</b>				
TOTAL LEUCOCYTES COUNT	9100	/cmm	4000 - 10000	Floctometry
<b>DLC</b>				
NEUTROPHIL	65	%	40 - 75	Flowcytometry
LYMPHOCYTE	30	%	20-40	Flowcytometry
EOSINOPHIL	1	%	1 - 6	Flowcytometry
MONOCYTE	4	%	2 - 10	Flowcytometry
BASOPHIL	0	%	00 - 01	Flowcytometry
<b>PLATELET COUNT</b>				
PLATELET COUNT	159,000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Elect Imped..
PLATELET COUNT (MANUAL)	159000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Microscopy .
<b>BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM</b>				
BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM	98.4	mg/dl	70 - 170	Hexokinase
<b>BLOOD UREA</b>				
BLOOD UREA	16.00	mg/dl	15 - 45	Urease, UV, Serum
<b>SERUM CREATININE</b>				
CREATININE	0.60	mg/dl	0.50 - 1.40	Alkaline picrate-kinetic
<b>LIVER FUNCTION TEST</b>				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.89	mg/dl	0.4 - 1.1	Diazonium Ion
CONJUGATED ( D. Bilirubin)	0.18	mg/dL	0.00-0.30	Diazotization
UNCONJUGATED ( I.D. Bilirubin)	0.71	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0	Calculated
ALK PHOS	125.90	U/L	30 - 120	PNPP, AMP Buffer
SGPT	47.0	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
SGOT	37.0	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P



[Checked By]



*Sham*

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD  
PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST MD (MICROBIOLOGY)



Patient Name : Ms.SALMA HUSSAIN	Visit No : CHA250040960
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
TSH	5.70	uIU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

Note

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism,cretinism,juvenile mysedema or autoimmune disorders.
- (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave~s disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
- (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the cacabolic state and may revert tonormal when the patient recovers.
- (7) There are many drugs for eg.Glucocorticoids ,dopamine,Lithium,iodides ,oral radiographic dyes,ets.Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- (8) Generally when total T3& T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with  
( 1 Beckman DxI-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINISCENCE TECHINIQUE BY ELECSYSYS -E411 )

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

CHARAK



[Checked By]



*Sham*

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD  
PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST MD (MICROBIOLOGY)

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Patient Name	: Ms.SALMA HUSSAIN	Visit No	: CHA250040960
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Refer Lab/Hosp	: CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON	: 07/Mar/2025 09: 57AM

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### **ECG -REPORT**

RATE : 62 bpm

\* RHYTHM : Normal

\* P wave : Normal

\* PR interval : Normal

\* QRS Axis : Normal

Duration : Normal

Configuration : Normal

\* ST-T Changes : None

\* QT interval :

\* QTc interval : Sec.

\* Other :

### **OPINION: ECG WITH IN NORMAL LIMITS**

(FINDING TO BE CORRELATED CLINICALLY )

**[DR. PANKAJ RASTOGI, MD, DM]**



Patient Name	: Ms.SALMA HUSSAIN	Visit No	: CHA250040960
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### 2D- ECHO & COLOR DOPPLER REPORT

1. **MITRAL VALVE STUDY** : MVOA - Normal (perimetry) cm<sup>2</sup> (PHT)

#### Anterior Mitral Leaflet:

- (a) **Motion**: Normal                      (b) **Thickness** : Normal                      (c) **DE** : 2.1 cm.  
 (d) **EF** 63 mm/sec                      (e) **EPSS** : 06 mm                      (f) **Vegetation** : -  
 (g) **Calcium** : -

Posterior mitral leaflet : Normal

- (a). **Motion** : Normal                      (b) **Calcium**: -                      (c) **Vegetation** : -

**Valve Score** : Mobility /4      Thickness /4      SVA /4  
 Calcium /4      Total /16

#### 2. AORTIC VALVE STUDY

- (a) **Aortic root** :2.5cms      (b) **Aortic Opening** :1.1cms      (c) **Closure**: Central  
 (d) **Calcium** : -                      (e) **Eccentricity Index** : 1                      (f) **Vegetation** : -

(g) **Valve Structure** : Tricuspid,

#### 3. PULMONARY VALVE STUDY      Normal

- (a) **EF Slope** : -                      (b) **A Wave** : +                      (c) **MSN** : -

(D) **Thickness** :                      (e) **Others** :

#### 4. TRICUSPID VALVE :      Normal

#### 5. SEPTAL AORTIC CONTINUITY      6. AORTIC MITRAL CONTINUITY

**Left Atrium** : 2.5 cms                      **Clot** : -                      **Others** :  
**Right Atrium** : Normal                      **Clot** : -                      **Others** : -

Contd.....



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VENTRICLES

**RIGHT VENTRICLE** : Normal

**RVD (D)**  
**RVOT**

**LEFT VENTRICLE** :

**LVIVS (D)** 0.9 cm (s) 1.8 cm

**Motion** : normal

**LVPW (D)** 1.0cm (s) 1.5 cm

**Motion** : Normal

**LVID (D)** 4.0 cm (s)2.0 cm

**Ejection Fraction :80%**

**Fractional Shortening : 48 %**

*TOMOGRAPHIC VIEWS*

**Parasternal Long axis view** :

NORMAL LV RV DIMENSION  
GOOD LV CONTRACTILITY.

**Short axis view**

**Aortic valve level** :

AOV - NORMAL  
**PV - NORMAL**  
TV - NORMAL

**Mitral valve level** :

MV - NORMAL

**Papillary Muscle Level** :

NO RWMA

**Apical 4 chamber View** :

No LV CLOT





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**PERICARDIUM**

Normal

**DOPPLER STUDIES**

	Velocity (m/sec)	Flow pattern ( /4)	Regurgitation	Gradient (mm Hg)	Valve area (cm 2)
MITRAL	e = 0.9 a = 1.2	a > e	-	-	-
AORTIC	1.1	Normal	-	-	-
TRICUSPID	0.4	Normal	-	-	-
PULMONARY	0.8	Normal	-	-	-

**OTHER HAEMODYNAMIC DATA**

**COLOUR DOPPLER**

**NO REGURGITATION OR TURBULENCE ACROSS ANY VALVE**

**CONCLUSIONS :**

- NORMAL LV RV DIMENSION
- GOOD LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- LVEF = 80 %
- NO RWMA
- a > e
- NO CLOT / VEGETATION
- NO PERICARDIAL EFFUSION

**DR. PANKAJ RASTOGI, MD,DM**



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**SKIAGRAM CHEST PA VIEW**

- Both lung fields are clear.
- Bilateral hilar shadows are normal.
- Cardiac shadow is within normal limits.
- Both CP angles are clear.
- Soft tissue and bony cage are seen normally.
- Both domes of diaphragm are sharply defined.

**IMPRESSION:**

- NO ACTIVE LUNG PARENCHYMAL LESION IS DISCERNIBLE.

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. RAJESH KUMAR SHARMA, MD]

Transcribed by: Purvi

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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

