

Patient Name : Ms.RAZINA BEGUM	Visit No : CHA250041783
Age/Gender : 45 Y/F	Registration ON : 08/Mar/2025 12: 14PM
<b>Lab No : 10139078</b>	Sample Collected ON : 08/Mar/2025 12: 15PM
Referred By : Dr.MANISH TANDON	Sample Received ON : 08/Mar/2025 12: 15PM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON : 08/Mar/2025 03: 18PM
Doctor Advice : URINE COM. EXMAMINATION,T3T4TSH,RANDOM,NA+K+,CREATININE,LIPASE,AMYLASE,LFT,CBC (WHOLE BLOOD)	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>AMYLASE</b>				
SERUM AMYLASE	63.2	U/L	20.0-80.00	Enzymatic

**Comments:**

Amylase is produced in the Pancreas and most of the elevation in serum is due to increased rate of Amylase entry into the blood stream / decreased rate of clearance or both. Serum Amylase rises within 6 to 48 hours of onset of Acute pancreatitis in 80% of patients, but is not proportional to the severity of the disease. Activity usually returns to normal in 3-5 days in patients with milder edematous form of the disease. Values persisting longer than this period suggest continuing necrosis of pancreas or Pseudocyst formation. Approximately 20% of patients with Pancreatitis have normal or near normal activity. Hyperlipemic patients with Pancreatitis also show spuriously normal Amylase levels due to suppression of Amylase activity by triglyceride. Low Amylase levels are seen in Chronic Pancreatitis, Congestive Heart failure, 2nd & 3rd trimesters of pregnancy, Gastrointestinal cancer & bone fractures.  
amylase amylase amylase

<b>LIPASE</b>				
LIPASE	44.2	U/L	Upto 60	colorimetric

**COMMENTS:**as, such as acute pancreatitis, chronic pancreatitis, and obstruction of the pancreatic duct. In acute pancreatitis serum lipase activity tends to become elevated & remains for about 7 - 10 days .Increased lipase activity rarely lasts longer than 14 days, and prolonged increases suggest a poor prognosis or the presence of a cyst. Serum lipase may also be elevated in patients with chronic pancreatitis, obstruction of the pancreatic duct and non pancreatic conditions including renal diseases, various abdominal diseases such as acute cholecystitis, intestinal obstruction or infarction, duodenal ulcer, and liver disease, as well as alcoholism & diabetic keto-acidosis & in patients who have undergone endoscopic r

Lipase measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the pancre

etrograde cholangiopancreatography. Elevation of serum lipase activity in patients with mumps strongly suggests significant pancreatic as well as salivary gland involvement by the disease.....



[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 08-03-2025 15:52:08

\*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal

DR. NISHANT SHARMA  
PATHOLOGIST

DR. SHADAB  
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*Signature*  
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL  
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**URINE EXAMINATION REPORT**

Colour-U	DARK YELLOW		Light Yellow	
Appearance (Urine)	CLEAR		Clear	
Specific Gravity	<b>1.015</b>		1.005 - 1.025	
pH-Urine	Acidic (6.0)		4.5 - 8.0	
PROTEIN	10 mg/dl	mg/dl	ABSENT	Dipstick
Glucose	2 gm/dl			
Ketones	Absent		Absent	
Bilirubin-U	PRESENT		Absent	
Blood-U	Absent		Absent	
Urobilinogen-U	0.20	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0	
Leukocytes-U	Absent		Absent	
NITRITE	Absent		Absent	
<b>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION</b>				
Pus cells / hpf	Occasional	/hpf	< 5/hpf	
Epithelial Cells	Occasional	/hpf	0 - 5	
RBC / hpf	Nil		< 3/hpf	

CHARAK

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Referred By : Dr.MANISH TANDON	Sample Received ON : 08/Mar/2025 12: 29PM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON : 08/Mar/2025 02: 04PM
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)</b>				
Hb	13.1	g/dl	12 - 15	Non Cyanide
R.B.C. COUNT	4.80	mil/cmm	3.8 - 4.8	Electrical Impedence
PCV	41.5	%	36 - 45	Pulse hieght detection
MCV	87.0	fL	80 - 96	calculated
MCH	27.5	pg	27 - 33	Calculated
MCHC	31.6	g/dL	30 - 36	Calculated
RDW	14.1	%	11 - 15	RBC histogram derivation
RETIC	0.6 %	%	0.5 - 2.5	Microscopy
TOTAL LEUCOCYTES COUNT	8650	/cmm	4000 - 10000	Flocytrometry
<b>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</b>				
NEUTROPHIL	54	%	40 - 75	Flowcytometry
LYMPHOCYTES	31	%	25 - 45	Flowcytometry
EOSINOPHIL	<b>12</b>	%	1 - 6	Flowcytometry
MONOCYTE	3	%	2 - 10	Flowcytometry
BASOPHIL	<b>0</b>	%	00 - 01	Flowcytometry
PLATELET COUNT	227,000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Elect Imped..
PLATELET COUNT (MANUAL)	227000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Microscopy .
Absolute Neutrophils Count	4,671	/cmm	2000 - 7000	Calculated
Absolute Lymphocytes Count	2,682	/cmm	1000-3000	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	1,038	/cmm	20-500	Calculated
Absolute Monocytes Count	260	/cmm	200-1000	Calculated
Mentzer Index	18			
Peripheral Blood Picture	:			

Red blood cells are normocytic normochromic. WBCs show eosinophilia. Platelets are adequate. No immature cells or parasite seen.



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Referred By : Dr. MANISH TANDON	Sample Received ON : 08/Mar/2025 12:22PM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON : 08/Mar/2025 01:39PM
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM</b>				
BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM	<b>294.7</b>	mg/dl	70 - 170	Hexokinase
<b>NA+K+</b>				
SODIUM Serum	136.0	MEq/L	135 - 155	ISE Direct
POTASSIUM Serum	3.9	MEq/L	3.5 - 5.5	ISE Direct
<b>SERUM CREATININE</b>				
CREATININE	0.80	mg/dl	0.50 - 1.40	Alkaline picrate-kinetic
<b>LIVER FUNCTION TEST</b>				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	<b>1.30</b>	mg/dl	0.4 - 1.1	Diazonium Ion
CONJUGATED ( D. Bilirubin)	<b>0.90</b>	mg/dL	0.00-0.30	Diazotization
UNCONJUGATED ( I.D. Bilirubin)	0.40	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0	Calculated
ALK PHOS	<b>537.00</b>	U/L	30 - 120	PNPP, AMP Buffer
SGPT	<b>247.0</b>	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
SGOT	<b>221.0</b>	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P

NOTE – Findings checked twice. Please correlate clinically.\_

CHARAK



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>T3T4TSH</b>				
T3	1.81	nmol/L	1.49-2.96	ECLIA
T4	85.80	n mol/l	63 - 177	ECLIA
TSH	2.50	uIU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

**Note**

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism,cretinism,juvenile mysedema or autoimmune disorders.
- (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave~s disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
- (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the cacabolic state and may revert tonormal when the patient recovers.
- (7) There are many drugs for eg.Glucocorticoids ,dopamine,Lithium,iodides ,oral radiographic dyes,ets.Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- (8) Generally when total T3& T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with

( 1 Beckman Dxi-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINISCENCE TECHINIQUE BY ELECSYSYS -E411 )

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

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