

: CHA250043646

Phone: 0522-4062223, 9305548277, 8400888844 9415577933, 9336154100, Tollfree No.: 8688360360

E-mail: charak1984@gmail.com

CMO Reg. No. RMEE 2445133 NABL Reg. No. MC-2491 Certificate No. MIS-2023-0218

Patient Name : Mr.NAZAR MOHAMMAD

Age/Gender : 63 Y/M Registration ON : 11/Mar/2025 10:34AM Lab No : 10140941 Sample Collected ON : 11/Mar/2025 10:37AM Referred By : Dr.MANISH TANDON Sample Received ON : 11/Mar/2025 10:40AM Refer Lab/Hosp 11/Mar/2025 01:31PM · CHARAK NA Report Generated ON

Visit No

Doctor Advice FIBRO SCAN,LFT,HBSAg,HCV,HIV,T3T4TSH,RANDOM,CRP (Quantitative),ESR,CBC (WHOLE BLOOD)

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Range Method

ESR

PR.

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate ESR 58.00 0 - 20 Westergreen

#### Note:

- 1. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood at 37°C.
- 2. ESR readings are auto-corrected with respect to Hematocrit (PCV) values.
- 3. It indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is a prognostic test and used to monitor the course or response to treatment of diseases like tuberculosis, acute rheumatic fever. It is also increased in multiple myeloma, hypothyroidism.

## **CRP-QUANTITATIVE**

CRP-QUANTITATIVE TEST 7.89 MG/L 0.1 - 6

Method: Immunoturbidimetric

( Method: Immunoturbidimetric on photometry system)

SUMMARY: C - reactive protien (CRP) is the best known among the acute phase protiens, a group of protien whose concentration increases in blood as a response to inflammatory disorders. CRP is normally present in low concentration in blood of healthy individuals (< 1mg/L). It is elevated up to 500 mg/L in acute inflammatory processes associated with bacterial infections, post operative conditions tissue damage already after 6 hours reaching a peak at 48 hours. The measurment of CRP represents a useful aboratory test for detection of acute infection as well as for monitoring inflammtory processes also in acute rheumatic & gastrointestinal disease. In recent studies it has been shows that in apparrently healthy subjects there is a direct orrelation between CRP concentrations & the risk of developing oronary heart disease (CHD).

hsCRP cut off for risk assessment as per CDC/AHA

 Level
 Risk

 <1.0</td>
 Low

 1.0-3.0
 Average

 >3.0
 High

CHARAK

All reports to be clinically corelated



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[Checked By]

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB
PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST

AB Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD GIST MD (MICROBIOLOGY)

Print.Date/Time: 11-03-2025 17:08:34 \*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal

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Bio. Ref. Range **Test Name** Method Result Unit **HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg)** 

Sample Type: SERUM

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN NON REACTIVE <1 - Non Reactive

**CMIA** 

>1 - Reactive

Note: This is only a Screening test. Confirmation of the result (Non Reactive/Reactive) should be done by performing a PCR based test.

### COMMENTS:

-HBsAg is the first serological marker after infection with Hepatitis B Virus appearing one to ten weeks after exposure and two to eight weeks before the onset of clinical symptoms. HBsAg persists during the acute phase and clears late in the convalescence phase. Failure to clear HBsAg within six months indicates a chronic HBsAg carrier state. HBsAg assays are used to identify the persons infected with HBV and to prevent transmission of the virus by blood and blood products as well as to monitor the status of infected individuals in combination with other hepatitis B serological markers.

-Borderline cases must be confirmed with confirmatory neutralizing assay

# LIMITATIONS:

- -Results should be used in conjunction with patient history and other hepatitis markers for diagnosis of acute and chronic infections.
  -Specimens from patients who have received preparations of mouse monoclonal antibodies for diagnosis or therapy may contain human anti-mouse antibodies (HAMA) which may produce anomalous values when tested with assay kits that employs mouse monoclonal antibodies.
- -Heterophilic antibodies in human serum can react with reagent immunoglobulins, interfering with in vitro immunoassays. Patients routinely exposed to animals or animal serum products can be prone to this interference and anomalous results may be observed.

  -Cross reactivity for specimens from individual with medical conditions (Pregnancy, HIV etc) has been observed.
- -HBsAg mutations may result in a false negative result in some HBsAg assays
- -If HBsAg results are inconsistent with clinical evidence, additional testing is suggested to confirm the result

**HIV-SEROLOGY** 

HIV

NON REACTIVE

< 1.0: NON REACTIVE >1.0: REACTIVE

Done by: Vitros ECI (Sandwich Assay)

Note:-Elisa test is a screening method for HIV.It is known to give false Positive & Negative result.

Hence confirmation: "Western Blot" method is advised.

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB **PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST** 

Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD MD (MICROBIOLOGY)

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Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Range Method

Anti-Hepatitis C Virus Antibodies.

NON REACTIVE

< 1.0 : NON REACTIVE Sandwich Assay

> 1.0 : REACTIVE

Visit No

Done by: Vitros ECI (Sandwich Assay)

Note: This is only a Screening test. Confirmation of the result (Non Reactive/Reactive) should be done by performing a PCR based test.





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292/05, Tulsidas Marg, Basement Chowk, Lucknow-226 003

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Doctor Advice : FIBRO SCAN,LFT,HBSAg,HCV,HIV,T3T4TSH,RANDOM,CRP (Quantitative),ESR,CBC (WHOLE BLOOD)

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				
Hb	10.4	g/dl	12 - 15	Non Cyanide
R.B.C. COUNT	3.50	mil/cmm	3.8 - 4.8	Electrical
				Impedence
PCV	32.6	%	36 - 45	Pulse hieght
				detection
MCV	92.9	fL	80 - 96	calculated
MCH	29.6	pg	27 - 33	Calculated
MCHC	31.9	g/dL	30 - 36	Calculated
RDW	14.8	%	11 - 15	RBC histogram
				derivation
RETIC	0.9 %	%	0.5 - 2.5	Microscopy
TOTAL LEUCOCYTES COUNT	4180	/cmm	4000 - 10000	Flocytrometry
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHIL	79	%	40 - 75	Flowcytrometry
LYMPHOCYTES	14	%	25 - 45	Flowcytrometry
EOSINOPHIL	2	%	1 - 6	Flowcytrometry
MONOCYTE	5	%	2 - 10	Flowcytrometry
BASOPHIL	0	%	00 - 01	Flowcytrometry
PLATELET COUNT	245,000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Elect Imped
PLATELET COUNT (MANUAL)	245000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Microscopy.
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,302	/cmm	2000 - 7000	Calculated
Absolute Lymphocytes Count	585	/cmm	1000-3000	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	84	/cmm	20-500	Calculated
Absolute Monocytes Count	209	/cmm	200-1000	Calculated
Mentzer Index	27			
Peripheral Blood Picture	:			

Red blood cells show cytopenia + with normocytic normochromic. Platelets are adequate. No immature cells or parasite seen.





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l est Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM				
BLOOD SUGAR RANDOM	127.6	mg/dl	70 - 170	Hexokinase
LIVED FUNCTION TEST				
LIVER FUNCTION TEST				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.50	mg/dl	0.4 - 1.1	Diazonium Ion
CONJUGATED ( D. Bilirubin)	0.30	mg/dL	0.00-0.30	Diazotization
UNCONJUGATED (I.D. Bilirubin)	0.20	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0	Calculated
ALK PHOS	126.00	U/L	30 - 120	PNPP, AMP Buffer
SGPT	21.3	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
SGOT	59.0	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P









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<u>                                     </u>	
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
T3T4TSH				
T3	2.05	nmol/L	1.49-2.96	ECLIA
T4	71.90	n mol/l	63 - 177	ECLIA
TSH	8.87	ulU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

### Note

PR.

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile mysedema or autoimmune disorders.
- (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave~s disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary
- (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
- (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the cacabolic state and may revert tonormal when the patient recovers.
- (7) There are many drugs for eg.Glucocorticoids ,dopamine,Lithium,iodides ,oral radiographic dyes,ets.Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- (8) Generally when total T3& T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with

(1 Beckman DxI-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINISCENCE TECHINIQUE BY ELECSYSYS -E411)

**End Of Report** 



