Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
BETA HCG					
Beta HCG		0.43	mIU/mL	0.10 - 2.90	CLIA
Weeks of Pregnancy	Ranges HCC	G mIU/ml			
	0	oercentile)			
3	5.8 -71.	2			
4	9.50 -750				
5	217 - 71.	38			
6	158 - 31'	795			
7	3697-163	3563			
8	32065 - 1	49571			
9	63803 - 1	51410			
10	46509 - 1	86977			
12	27832 - 2	10612			
14	13950 - 6	25 <mark>30</mark>			
15	12039 - 7	0971			
16	9040 - 50	6451			
17	8175 - 55	5868			
18	8099 - 5	8176			

COMMENTS:

P.R.

This assay is capable of detecting whole molecule (intact) HCG as well as free ß-HCG subunits. For diagnostic purposes, HCG results should always be used in conjunction with clinical findings and other tests. If the HCG levels are inconsistent with clinical impressions, results should be confirmed by an alternate HCG method. Low levels of HCG can occur in apparently healthy, non pregnant subjects. ß-HCG values double approximately every 48 hrs in a normal pregnancy; patients with very low levels should be resampled and retested after 48 hrs. Specimens tested as positive during initial days after conception may later be negative due to natural termination of pregnancy. Natural termination occurs in 31% of overall pregnancies. Falsely depressed or falsely elevated results may occur due to presence of interfering substances (such as heterophilic antibodies, non-specific proteins, or HCG like substances).

In men, Increased levels of b-HCG are associated with testicular cancer and should be correlated with other findings.

*** End Of Report ***



DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST

Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD T MD (MICROBIOLOGY) Page 1 of 1

[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 15-03-2025 11:20:19 *Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal