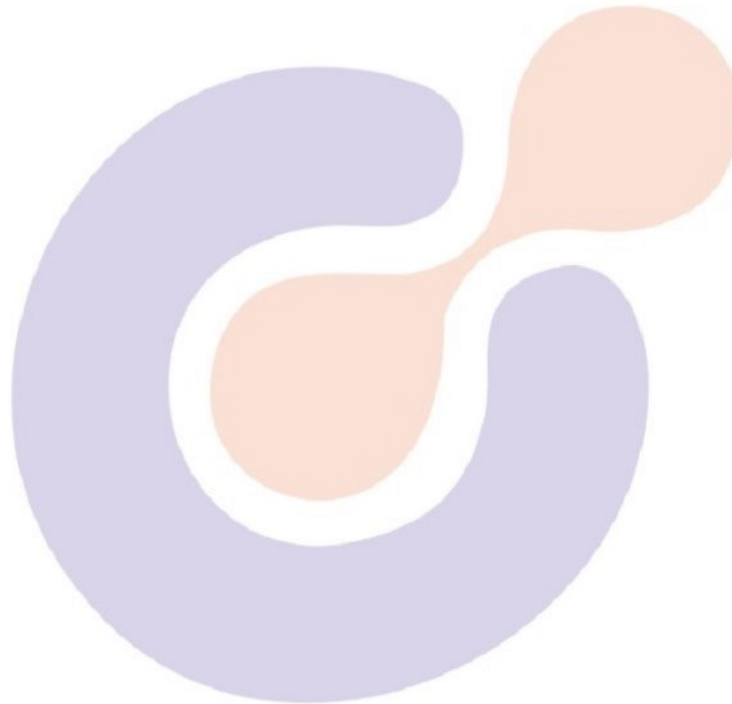


Patient Name : Mr.RAM NATH RAM	Visit No : CHA250046613
Age/Gender : 71 Y/M	Registration ON : 17/Mar/2025 08:39AM
<b>Lab No : 10143908</b>	Sample Collected ON : 17/Mar/2025 08:44AM
Referred By : Dr.ROHAN BAJPAI	Sample Received ON : 17/Mar/2025 08:56AM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CGHS (BILLING)	Report Generated ON : 17/Mar/2025 10:25AM
Doctor Advice : GBP,CRP (Quantitative),VIT B12,25 OH vit. D,T3T4TSH,KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST - I,LFT,HBA1C (EDTA),CBC+ESR,PP,FASTING	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>CBC+ESR (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)</b>				
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate ESR	<b>22.00</b>		0 - 20	Westergreen



**CHARAK**

[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 17-03-2025 13:45:18

\*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal



*Sharma*

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD  
PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST MD (MICROBIOLOGY)

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>HBA1C</b>				
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.3	%	4 - 5.7	HPLC (EDTA)

**NOTE:-**

Glycosylated Hemoglobin Test (HbA1c) is performed in this laboratory by the Gold Standard Reference method, ie: HPLC Technology (High performance Liquid Chromatography D10) from Bio-Rad Laboratories, USA.

**EXPECTED ( RESULT ) RANGE :**

Bio system	Degree of normal
4.0 - 5.7 %	Normal Value (OR) Non Diabetic
5.8 - 6.4 %	Pre Diabetic Stage
> 6.5 %	Diabetic (or) Diabetic stage
6.5 - 7.0 %	Well Controlled Diabet
7.1 - 8.0 %	Unsatisfactory Control
> 8.0 %	Poor Control and needs treatment

**CHARAK**

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
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**CRP-QUANTITATIVE**

CRP-QUANTITATIVE TEST	4.8	MG/L	0.1 - 6	
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Method: Immunoturbidimetric

( Method: Immunoturbidimetric on photometry system)

SUMMARY : C - reactive protien (CRP) is the best known among the acute phase protiens, a group of protien whose concentration increases in blood as a response to inflammatory disorders.CRP is normally present in low concentration in blood of healthy individuals (< 1mg/L). It is elevated up to 500 mg/L in acute inflammatory processes associated with bacterial infections, post operative conditions tissue damage already after 6 hours reaching a peak at 48 hours.. The measurement of CRP represents a useful laboratory test for detection of acute infection as well as for monitoring inflammtory proceses also in acute rheumatic & gastrointestinal disease. In recent studies it has been shows that in apparently healthy subjects there is a direct orrelation between CRP concentrations & the risk of developing oronary heart disease (CHD).

hsCRP cut off for risk assessment as per CDC/AHA

Level	Risk
<1.0	Low
1.0-3.0	Average
>3.0	High

All reports to be clinically corelated

**25 OH vit. D**

25 Hydroxy Vitamin D	54.54	ng/ml	ECLIA
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Deficiency < 10  
Insufficiency 10 - 30  
Sufficiency 30 - 100  
Toxicity > 100

DONE BY: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY( Cobas e 411,Unicel DxI600,vitros ECI)

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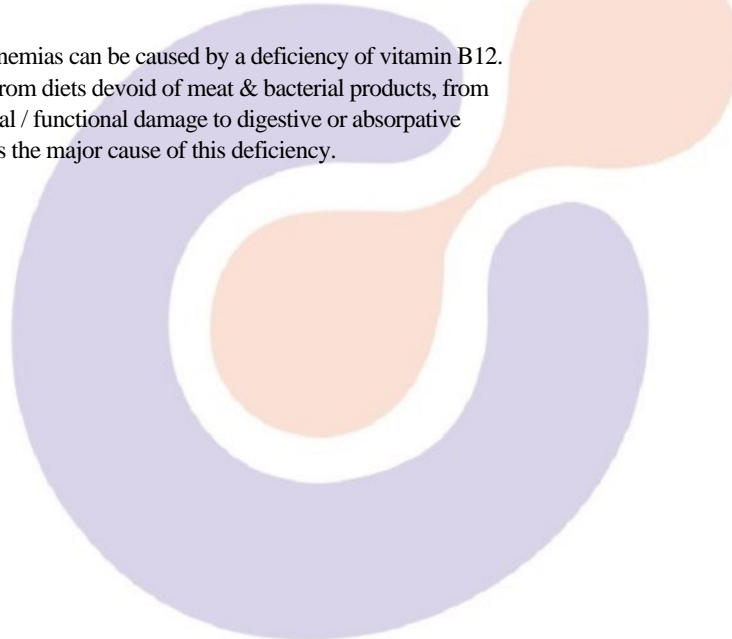
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
VITAMIN B12	105	pg/mL	180 - 814 Normal 145 - 180 Intermediate 145.0 Deficient pg/ml	CLIA

**Summary :-**

Nutritional & macrocytic anemias can be caused by a deficiency of vitamin B12. This deficiency can result from diets devoid of meat & bacterial products, from alcoholism or from structural / functional damage to digestive or absorptive processes. Malabsorption is the major cause of this deficiency.



**CHARAK**

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>CBC+ESR (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)</b>				
Hb	13.2	g/dl	12 - 15	Non Cyanide
R.B.C. COUNT	4.40	mil/cmm	3.8 - 4.8	Electrical Impedence
PCV	39.8	%	36 - 45	Pulse hieght detection
MCV	90.5	fL	80 - 96	calculated
MCH	30.0	pg	27 - 33	Calculated
MCHC	33.2	g/dL	30 - 36	Calculated
RDW	14.1	%	11 - 15	RBC histogram derivation
RETIC	0.8 %	%	0.5 - 2.5	Microscopy
TOTAL LEUCOCYTES COUNT	7190	/cmm	4000 - 10000	Flocytometry
<b>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</b>				
NEUTROPHIL	65	%	40 - 75	Flowcytometry
LYMPHOCYTE	30	%	20-40	Flowcytometry
EOSINOPHIL	1	%	1 - 6	Flowcytometry
MONOCYTE	4	%	2 - 10	Flowcytometry
BASOPHIL	0	%	00 - 01	Flowcytometry
PLATELET COUNT	<b>123,000</b>	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Elect Imped..
PLATELET COUNT (MANUAL)	<b>130000</b>	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Microscopy .
Mentzer Index	21			
Peripheral Blood Picture	:			

Red blood cells are normocytic normochromic. Platelets are reduced. No immature cells or parasite seen.



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>GENERAL BLOOD PICTURE (GBP)</b>				
Peripheral Blood Picture	:			
<b>FASTING</b>				
Blood Sugar Fasting	117.2	mg/dl	70 - 110	Hexokinase
<b>PP</b>				
Blood Sugar PP	130.0	mg/dl	up to - 170	Hexokinase
<b>LIVER FUNCTION TEST</b>				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	0.40	mg/dl	0.4 - 1.1	Diazonium Ion
CONJUGATED ( D. Bilirubin)	0.12	mg/dL	0.00-0.30	Diazotization
UNCONJUGATED ( I.D. Bilirubin)	0.28	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0	Calculated
ALK PHOS	66.00	U/L	30 - 120	PNPP, AMP Buffer
SGPT	15.8	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
SGOT	19.3	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
<b>KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST - I</b>				
<b>Sample Type : SERUM</b>				
BLOOD UREA	44.70	mg/dl	15 - 45	Urease, UV, Serum
CREATININE	0.80	mg/dl	0.50 - 1.40	Alkaline picrate-kinetic
SODIUM Serum	138.0	MEq/L	135 - 155	ISE Direct
POTASSIUM Serum	4.2	MEq/L	3.5 - 5.5	ISE Direct



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
<b>T3T4TSH</b>				
T3	1.51	nmol/L	1.49-2.96	ECLIA
T4	132.00	n mol/l	63 - 177	ECLIA
TSH	<b>26.00</b>	uIU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

**Note**

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism,cretinism,juvenile mysedema or autoimmune disorders.
- (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave~s disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
- (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the cacabolic state and may revert tonormal when the patient recovers.
- (7) There are many drugs for eg.Glucocorticoids ,dopamine,Lithium,iodides ,oral radiographic dyes,ets.Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- (8) Generally when total T3& T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with

( 1 Beckman Dxi-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINISCENCE TECHINIQUE BY ELECSYSYS -E411 )

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

CHARAK



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