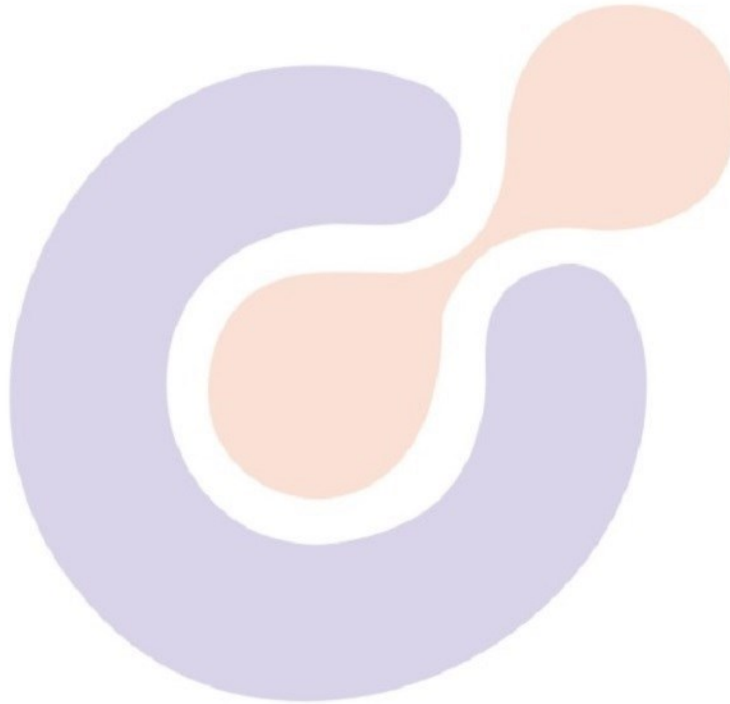


Patient Name : Ms.KIRAN SINGH	Visit No : CHA250046781
Age/Gender : 25 Y/F	Registration ON : 17/Mar/2025 10: 20AM
Lab No : 10144076	Sample Collected ON : 17/Mar/2025 12: 33PM
Referred By : Dr.JAVITRI HOSPITAL	Sample Received ON : 17/Mar/2025 01: 01PM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON : 17/Mar/2025 04: 04PM
Doctor Advice : TSH,PGBS-75 gms,HB	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
PGBS-75 gms				
POST GLUCOSE BLOOD SUGAR	140	mg/dl	60 - 140	Hexokinase



CHARAK

[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 17-03-2025 16:51:50

*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal



DR. NISHANT SHARMA
PATHOLOGIST

DR. SHADAB
PATHOLOGIST

Dr. SYED SAIF AHMAD
MD (MICROBIOLOGY)

Patient Name : Ms.KIRAN SINGH	Visit No : CHA250046781
Age/Gender : 25 Y/F	Registration ON : 17/Mar/2025 10:20AM
Lab No : 10144076	Sample Collected ON : 17/Mar/2025 12:33PM
Referred By : Dr.JAVITRI HOSPITAL	Sample Received ON : 17/Mar/2025 01:01PM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON : 17/Mar/2025 02:16PM
Doctor Advice : TSH,PGBS-75 gms,HB	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
HAEMOGLOBIN				
Hb	11.7	g/dl	12 - 15	Non Cyanide

Comment:

Hemoglobin screening helps to diagnose conditions that affect RBCs such as anemia or polycythemia.

TSH				
TSH	1.28	uIU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

Note

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
 - (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
 - (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
 - (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
 - (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
 - (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
 - (7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, Lithium, iodides, oral radiographic dyes, etc. Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
 - (8) Generally when total T3 & T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with
- (1 Beckman Dxi-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNIQUE BY ELECSYS -E411)

*** End Of Report ***



[Checked By]



Sharma

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB DR. SYED SAIF AHMAD
PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST MD (MICROBIOLOGY)