

Patient Name : Ms.PREM KUMARI	Visit No : CHA250046836
Age/Gender : 68 Y/F	Registration ON : 17/Mar/2025 10:44AM
Lab No : 10144131	Sample Collected ON : 17/Mar/2025 10:46AM
Referred By : Dr.NEHA GUPTA	Sample Received ON : 17/Mar/2025 10:48AM
Refer Lab/Hosp : CGHS (BILLING)	Report Generated ON : 17/Mar/2025 01:15PM
Doctor Advice : TSH,LIPID-PROFILE,KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST - I,LFT,25 OH vit. D,VIT B12,2D ECHO,ECG,CBC+ESR	



Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
CBC+ESR (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate ESR	10.00		0 - 20	Westergreen



CHARAK

[Checked By]

Print.Date/Time: 17-03-2025 15:06:15

*Patient Identity Has Not Been Verified. Not For Medicolegal



DR. NISHANT SHARMA
PATHOLOGIST

DR. SHADAB
PATHOLOGIST

Aditi D Agarwal
DR. ADITI D AGARWAL
PATHOLOGIST

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
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LIPID-PROFILE

Cholesterol/HDL Ratio	4.85	Ratio		Calculated
LDL / HDL RATIO	3.37	Ratio		Calculated

Desirable / low risk - 0.5 -3.0
Low/ Moderate risk - 3.0-6.0
Elevated / High risk - >6.0
Desirable / low risk - 0.5 -3.0
Low/ Moderate risk - 3.0-6.0
Elevated / High risk - > 6.0

25 OH vit. D

25 Hydroxy Vitamin D	16.18	ng/ml		ECLIA
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Deficiency < 10
Insufficiency 10 - 30
Sufficiency 30 - 100
Toxicity > 100

DONE BY: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY(Cobas e 411,Unicel DxI600,vitros ECI)

VITAMIN B12

VITAMIN B12	100	pg/mL		CLIA
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180 - 814 Normal
145 - 180 Intermediate
145.0 Deficient pg/ml

Summary :-

Nutritional & macrocytic anemias can be caused by a deficiency of vitamin B12. This deficiency can result from diets devoid of meat & bacterial products, from alcoholism or from structural / functional damage to digestive or absorptive processes. Malabsorption is the major cause of this deficiency.

[Checked By]



Sharma

DR. NISHANT SHARMA DR. SHADAB DR. SYED SAIF AHMAD
PATHOLOGIST PATHOLOGIST MD (MICROBIOLOGY)

Print.Date/Time: 17-03-2025 15:06:17

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
CBC+ESR (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				
Hb	14.4	g/dl	12 - 15	Non Cyanide
R.B.C. COUNT	4.80	mil/cmm	3.8 - 4.8	Electrical Impedence
PCV	44.1	%	36 - 45	Pulse hieght detection
MCV	91.7	fL	80 - 96	calculated
MCH	29.9	pg	27 - 33	Calculated
MCHC	32.7	g/dL	30 - 36	Calculated
RDW	14.5	%	11 - 15	RBC histogram derivation
RETIC	0.9 %	%	0.5 - 2.5	Microscopy
TOTAL LEUCOCYTES COUNT	6200	/cmm	4000 - 10000	Flocytometry
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHIL	61	%	40 - 75	Flowcytometry
LYMPHOCYTE	34	%	20-40	Flowcytometry
EOSINOPHIL	2	%	1 - 6	Flowcytometry
MONOCYTE	3	%	2 - 10	Flowcytometry
BASOPHIL	0	%	00 - 01	Flowcytometry
PLATELET COUNT	128,000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Elect Imped..
PLATELET COUNT (MANUAL)	140000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	Microscopy .
Mentzer Index	19			
Peripheral Blood Picture	:			

Red blood cells are normocytic normochromic . Platelets are just adequate. No immature cells or parasite seen.



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
LIVER FUNCTION TEST				
TOTAL BILIRUBIN	1.30	mg/dl	0.4 - 1.1	Diazonium Ion
CONJUGATED (D. Bilirubin)	0.40	mg/dL	0.00-0.30	Diazotization
UNCONJUGATED (I.D. Bilirubin)	0.90	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0	Calculated
ALK PHOS	94.80	U/L	30 - 120	PNPP, AMP Buffer
SGPT	21.8	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
SGOT	25.1	U/L	5 - 40	UV without P5P
LIPID-PROFILE				
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	265.00	mg/dL	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline-high: 200-239 mg/dl High: >=240 mg/dl	CHOD-PAP
TRIGLYCERIDES	130.00	mg/dL	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high: >=500 mg/dl	Serum, Enzymatic, endpoint
H D L CHOLESTEROL	54.60	mg/dL	30-70 mg/dl	CHER-CHOD-PAP
L D L CHOLESTEROL	184.20	mg/dL	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >= 190 mg/dl	CO-PAP
VLDL	26.20	mg/dL	10 - 40	Calculated

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KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST - I

Sample Type : SERUM

BLOOD UREA	26.50	mg/dl	15 - 45	Urease, UV, Serum
CREATININE	0.60	mg/dl	0.50 - 1.40	Alkaline picrate-kinetic
SODIUM Serum	136.0	MEq/L	135 - 155	ISE Direct
POTASSIUM Serum	4.0	MEq/L	3.5 - 5.5	ISE Direct



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Sham

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	Method
TSH				
TSH	3.40	uIU/ml	0.47 - 4.52	ECLIA

Note

- (1) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- (2) Patients having low T3 & T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- (3) Patients having either low or normal T3 & T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- (4) Patients having high T3 & T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goitre. This condition is mostly asymptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- (5) Patient with high or normal T3 & T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 Toxicosis respectively.
- (6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- (7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, Lithium, iodides, oral radiographic dyes, etc. Which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- (8) Generally when total T3 & T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 & Free T4 test are recommended for further confirmation along with

(1 Beckman DxI-600 2. ELECTRO-CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNIQUE BY ELECSYS -E411)

*** End Of Report ***

CHARAK



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