

Patient Name	: Mr.RAMESH CHANDRA	Visit No	: CHA250047036
Age/Gender	: 40 Y/M	Registration ON	: 17/Mar/2025 12:34PM
Lab No	: 10144331	Sample Collected ON	: 17/Mar/2025 12:34PM
Referred By	: Dr.KGMU (ONCO)	Sample Received ON	:
Refer Lab/Hosp	: CHARAK NA	Report Generated ON	: 17/Mar/2025 03:22PM

CECT STUDY OF FACE AND NECK

- A large mildly enhancing soft tissue space occupying lesion is seen in left cheek involving left buccal mucosa and retromolar trigone. Lower gingivo-buccal sulcus is involved. Upper gingivo-buccal sulcus is not involved. Inferiorly the lesion extends along lower alveolus. The lesion is infiltrating left masseter muscle and medial pterygoid muscle. Bony erosion of mandible is seen. This space occupying lesion measures 47 x 37 x 24mm in size.
- The nasopharynx and oropharynx are seen normally. No obvious mass lesion is seen. No mass lesion is seen in the parapharyngeal region.
- Bilateral submandibular and parotid glands are seen normally.
- The aryepiglottic folds and epiglottis are seen normally.
- The valleculae and pyriform sinuses are seen normally.
- The laryngeal airway and cartilages are seen normally.
- Few enlarged & sub-centimeter upper cervical lymphnodes are seen in left submandibular and submental region, larger one measuring approx. 14 x 10mm.
- The great vessels of neck are seen normally with maintained fascial planes.
- Cervical vertebral bodies are normal in size, shape and outline and density. No evidence of any lytic or sclerotic area is seen.
- No abnormal paraspinal soft tissue shadow is seen.
- Thyroid gland is normal in size and density.

IMPRESSION:

- **LARGE MILDLY ENHANCING SOFT TISSUE SPACE OCCUPYING LESION IN LEFT CHEEK INVOLVING BUCCAL MUCOSA WITH INVOLVEMENTS AND BONY EROSION AS DESCRIBED -- MALIGNANT GROWTH.**
- **LEFT UPPER CERVICAL LYMPHADENOPATHY.**

Clinical correlation is necessary.

[DR. RAJESH KUMAR SHARMA, MD]

transcribed by: anup

*** End Of Report ***

