



itDose

Taking You Beyond The Limits

Visit ID : ITD1405	Registration : 11/Feb/2023 12:27PM
UHID/MR No : ITD.0000001244	Collected : 11/Feb/2023 12:30PM
Patient Name : MR. MONDAY	Received : 11/Feb/2023 12:34PM
Age/Gender : 23 Y 2 M 4 D /M	Reported : 11/Feb/2023 12:46PM
Ref Doctor : SELF	Status : Final Report
Client Name : STANDARD	Client Code : 78
Client Add : D 159, 1st Floor, Sector 7, No	Barcode No : 10060046

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY - SEROLOGY

DENGUE - IgM BY ELISA					
Sample Type : Serum					
DENGUE IgM ANTIBODIES	2.00	H		NEGATIVE : < 1.00-POSITIVE : >1.00	ELISA
COMMENTS: Primary dengue virus infection is characterized by elevation of specific IgM levels 3 to 5 days after the onset of symptoms and persists for 30 to 60 days. IgG levels become elevated 10 to 14 days and remain detectable for many years. During secondary infection, IgM levels generally rise more slowly than in primary infection while IgG levels rise rapidly from 1 to 2 days after the onset of symptoms. The test detects all four subtypes, DEN1, DEN2, DEN3 & DEN4 of dengue virus.					
LIMITATIONS: This is only a screening test and will only indicate the presence or absence of dengue antibodies in the specimen. All reactive samples should be confirmed by confirmatory tests. The patient clinical history, symptomatology as well as serological data should be considered. False positive results can be obtained due to cross-reaction with EBV, RA, Leptospira, malaria, Hepatitis A, Influenza A & B, Salmonella typhi etc. Immuno-depressive treatments presumably after the immune response to infection, inducing negative results in dengue patients.					

*** End Of Report ***

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